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We submitted a survey to Italian farms and growers associations.

Let's have a look to the results.

EUROCASTANEA ITALIA: PREVISIONE PRODUZIONI 2025	eventuale incidenza di malattie o perassiti nell'annata produtt	INVA III COPSO: "	
B I U ® X	mel dell'inchiostro	rispetto al 2024 il raccolto previsto per il 2025 è:	Copia grafico
Vi chiedamo cortesemente un minuto del vostro tempo per capire come sta andando l'annata in corso in Italia. I risultati dell'indagine saranno divulgati attraverso gli eventi EUROCASTANEA. I dati verranno trattati in	cinipide gelligeno	24 risposte	
nodo anonimo. Vi saremmo grati se poteste invisare le vostre risposte entro il 5 settembre , in modo da poter laborare i risultati per le XV Giornaie Europee dei Castagno. Grazie per la collaborazione!	scolitidi	25%	 inferiore. Fino al 25% di produzione in meno
	no	16,7%	 inferiore. Fino al 50% di produzione in meno
azienda/associazione/consorzio/altro (facoltativo)	∐ Altro_	8,3%	 inferiore. Oltre il 50% di produzione in meno
esto risposta breve		25%	 uguale superiore. Fino al 25% di produzione i
	principali criticità degli ultimi 3 ami: *	0.3%	 superiore. Fino al 50% di produzione i superiore. Ottre il 50% di produzione i
provincia/areale di riferimento: *	ancro corticale		
Testo risposta breve	mel dell'inchiostro		
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		24 risposte	
rispetto alla media degli ultimi 3 anni il raccolto previsto per il 2025 è. *	altri marciumi del frutto	24 risposte	-10 (41.7%)
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Climate Trends: Heat Records and Extreme Weather

RECORD-BREAKING TEMPERATURES

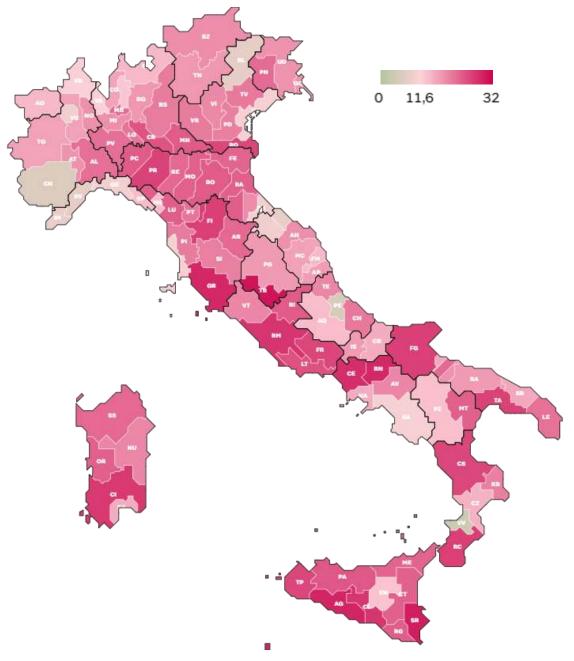
- 2024_world: warmest year on record with temperatures approximately 1.55°C above pre-industrial levels.
- The past ten years have all been in the **Top Ten**, in an extraordinary streak of record-breaking temperatures.
- 2024_Italy: warmest year on record since the pre-industrial era, with a +1.33°C compared to the 1991–2020 baseline.

EXTREME WEATHER EVENTS IN ITALY

- 2024_Italy: 351 extreme weather events, nearly six times more than in 2015 (+485%); third consecutive year with over 300 episodes.
- 2025_Italy: January May 2025, 110 extreme weather events were recorded marking a 31% increase compared to the same period in 2024.



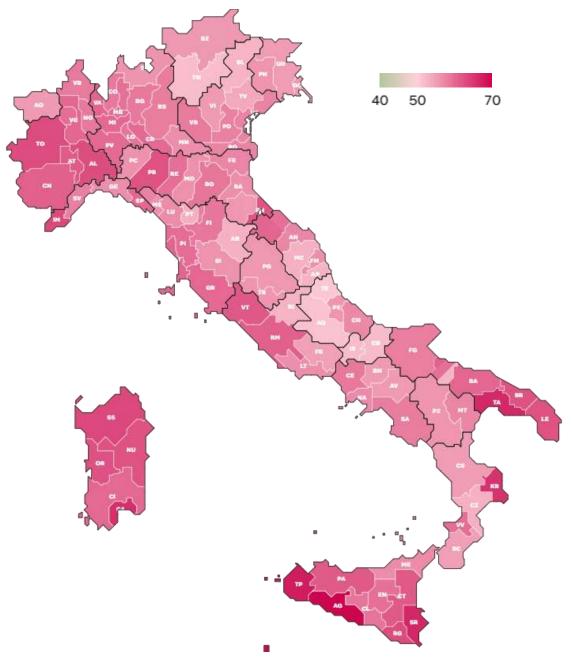
FREQUENCY OF HEAT EVENTS (> 30°C) FOR THREE CONSECUTIVE DAYS IN 2024



Source: lab24.ilsole24ore.com



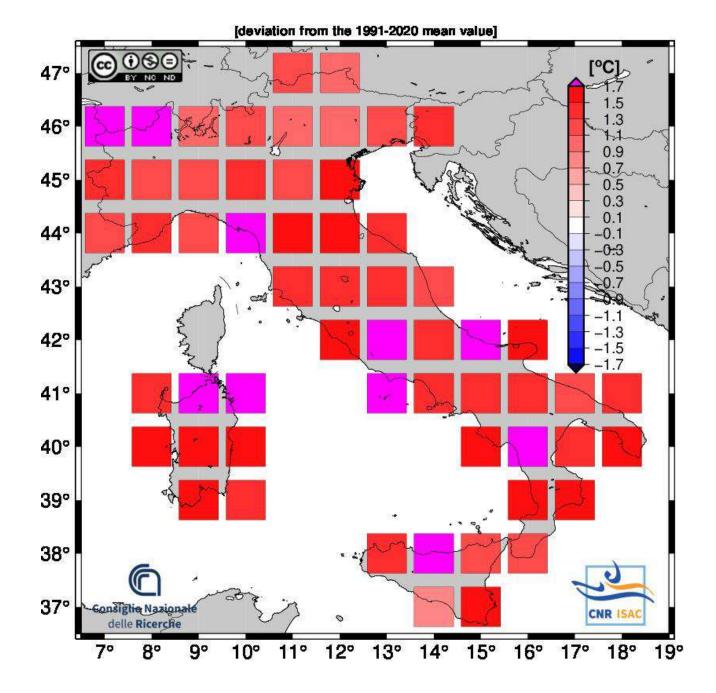
PERCENTAGE OF CONSECUTIVE DRY DAYS WITHIN A 100-DAY INTERVAL IN 2024



Source: lab24.ilsole24ore.com

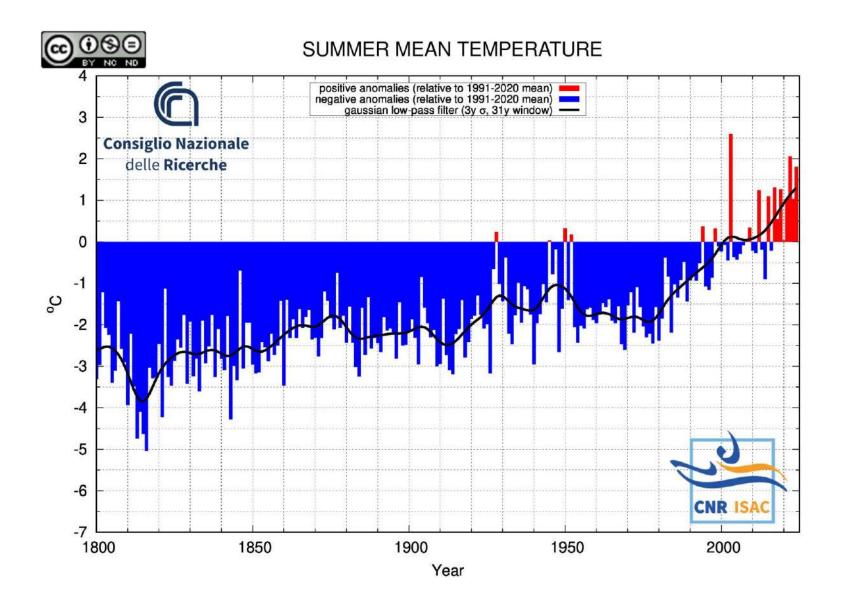


JANUARY - JULY 2025MEAN TEMPERATURE ANOMALY



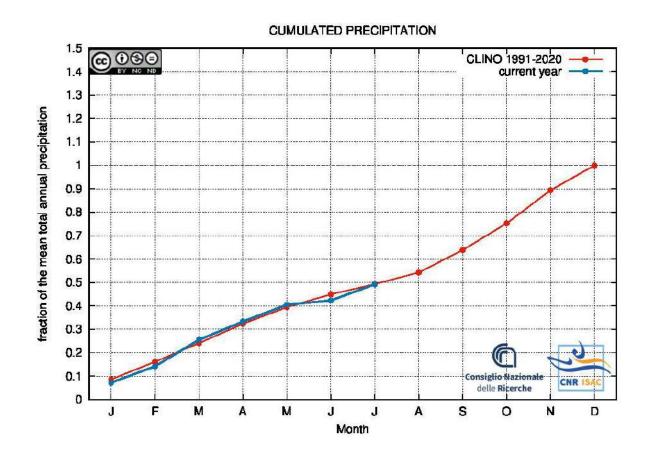


Chestnut orchards in Italy never faced such positive anomalies in summer mean temperature from XIX century on

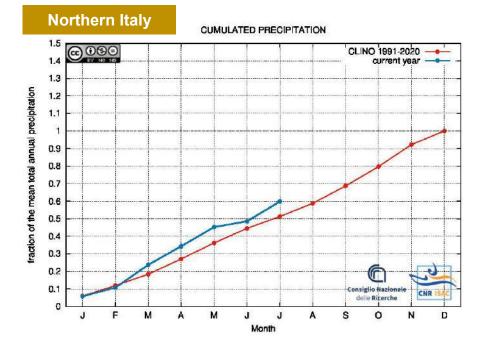


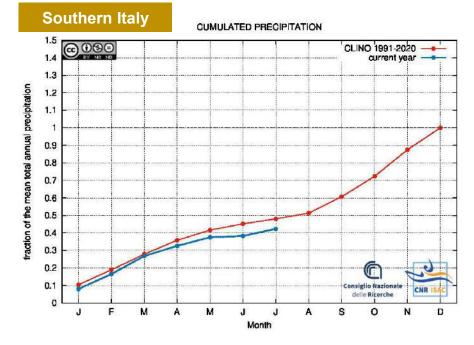


COMPARISON OF THE CUMULATED PRECIPITATION 2025 WITH THE CLIMATOLOGICAL CUMULATED VALUES (REFERENCE PERIOD 1991-2020).



Analyses based on the data of the Historical Climatology Group of the ISAC-CNR The updating is based on preliminary and not validated data.







Calabria

- Second Italian region for surface, 7600 ha
- Exclusively regional cultivars
- Very varied genetic material (Centro conservazione biodiversità castanicola "Vecchiarello" di Sersale, CZ).





European Chestnut Network -10% compared to the average production of the last three years

Calabria

source: M. Tatiana Castellotti (CREA), Antonio Scalise (ARSAC)

- ☐ Cultivar: Nzerta 80% Riggiola 20%
- Average prices to the producer in 2024 (€/kg):
 Sweet chestnuts: 1-2; Marrone type: 4-5; Hybrids: 3-4
- ☐ Very **high** summer **temperatures** coupled with **drought**
- ☐ Patchy resurgence of chestnut gall wasp
- ☐ Yield up to -25% compared to 2024
- □ Harvest on schedule

Castagne Calabresi Petrise MAJOR CHALLENGES*: brown rot (*Gnomoniopsis castaneae*), chestnut weevil, climate change

European Chestnut Network Roccadaspide Marrone di Serino Castagna di Serino DISTRETTO CASTAGNE E MARRONI

Campania

- First Italian productive region (13,800 ha)
- Only local cultivars are grown (chestnuts and marrone type)
- Very solid commercial organization
- Certified productions





Campania

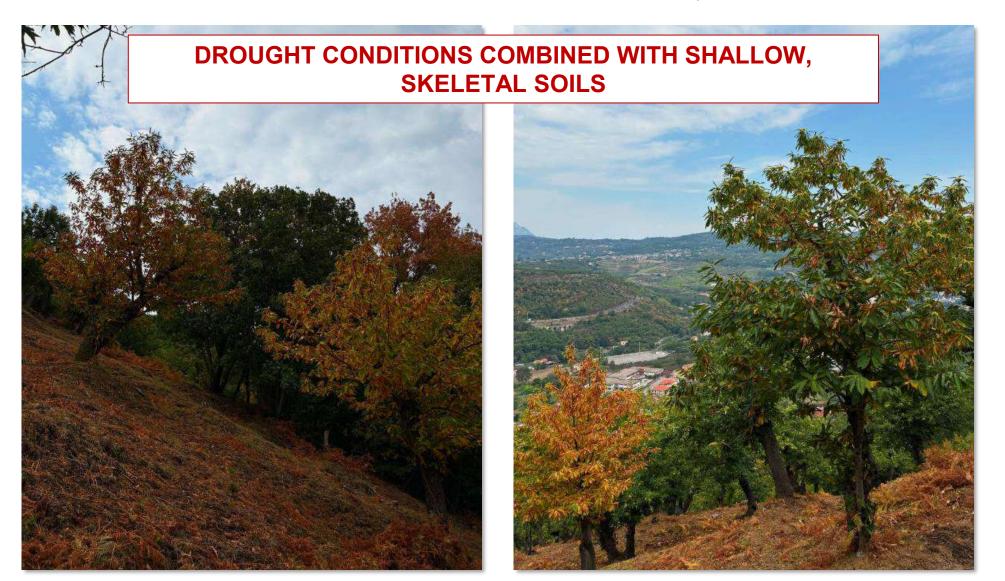
source: A. Luce (Az. ag. Giaquinto - Distretto Castagne Campania), Distretto Castagne e Marroni Campania (R. Mazzei)

☐ Cultivars: Marrone Roccadaspide, Palummina, Montemarano Santimango
□ Average prices to the producer in 2024 (€/kg): Sweet chestnuts: 1-2; Marrone type: 2-3; Hybrids: 2-3
☐ <u>Salerno</u> province: Weather anomalies: heatwaves and drought Biotic stresses: resurgence of chestnut gall wasp
□ <u>Avellino</u> province: Weather anomalies: heatwaves and drought, erratic rainfall, and pollination problems Biotic stresses: chestnut gall wasp and moths-induced fruit drop
☐ Cosenza province: Weather anomalies: heatwaves and drought Biotic stresses: bark beetles
☐ Yield up to -30 % compared to 2024
☐ Harvest on schedule for <i>C. sativa</i>
☐ Early ripening for hybrids
MAJOR CHALLENGES*: brown rot, gall wasp, chestnut weevil, climate change



Campania

source: A. Luce (Az. ag. Giaquinto - Distretto Castagne Campania)

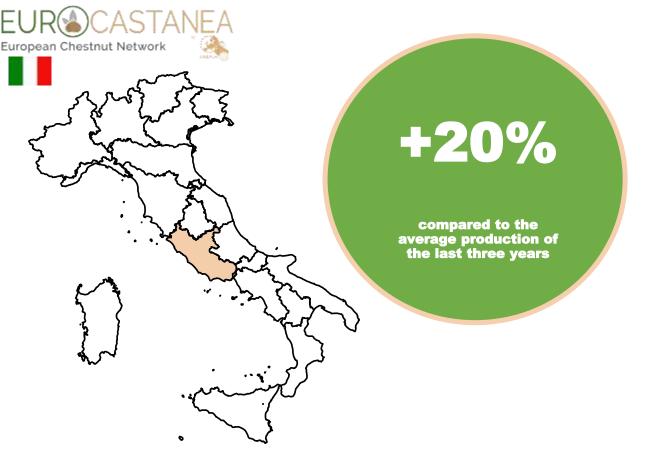






- Production area: 5,600 ha
- More than 6000 companies
- Chestnut and Marrone cultivars
- Well-structured market, also for export
- Certified productions: 1 DOP











source: V. Cristofori, Andrea Vannini (Università della Tuscia)

□ Cultivar: Marrone Viterbese, Castagna di Vallerano, Marrone Fiorentino		
☐ Average prices to the producer in 2024 (€/kg): Sweet chestnuts: 2-3; Marrone type: 3-4; Hybrids: 3-4		
☐ Ideal climatic conditions: abundant flowering unaffected by rains, generally cool summer with well-distributed spring–summer precipitation		
☐ Wet spring–summer may increase postharvest fungal incidence		
☐ Treatments against ink disease widespread with excellent results		
☐ Large-scale application of Eurocastanea protocol against brown rot		
☐ Yield up to +50% compared to 2024		
☐ Harvest on schedule		

MAJOR CHALLENGES*: brown rot, ink disease, chestnut moths, other nut rots

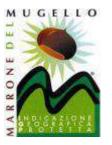
European Chestnut Network

Toscana, Emilia Romagna

- Area: E. Romagna 3000 ha; Tuscany 5500 ha
- Certified productions: 3 IGP, 1 DOP
- regions characterized by a strong presence of Marrone (M. fiorentino and clones)













Toscana, Emilia Romagna

source: R. Panzacchi (Associazione Consorzi Castanicoltori Emilia-Romagna), Luciano Trentini (Centro di Studio e Documentazione sul Castagno)

- ☐ Cultivar: Marrone di Castel del Rio, M. Fiorentino and synonyms (Marrone Domestico, Marrone Biondo, Marrone di Marradi)
- Average prices to the producer in 2024 (€/kg):Sweet chestnuts: 1-2; Marrone type: 4-5
- Significant presence of chestnut blight, ink disease, and nut rots (especially brown rot)
- Anomalous rainfall distribution, intense precipitation and flooding
- August rainfall prevented plant stress, medium-to-large sizes expected
- Yield +15% compared to 2024
- Harvest on schedule

MAJOR CHALLENGES*: chestnut blight, ink disease, nut rots (especially brown rot), chestnut moths.

European Chestnut Network

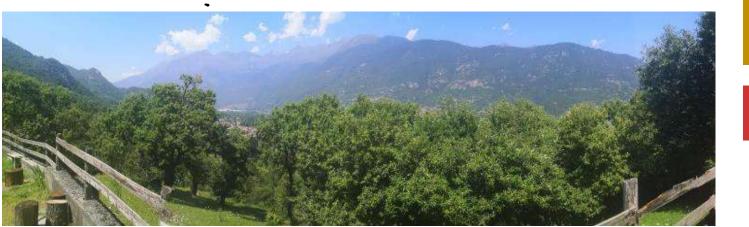
Piemonte

- Production area 6,400 ha
- Traditional orchards and high-density plantations (800 ha)
- Agri-food industry and developed supply chain
- 2 PGI branded products









Piemonte

(Traditional orchards)

source: S. Marchisio (Coldiretti Cuneo), Chestnut R&D Center Piemonte, P. Chiaberto, Giorgio Maurino, Marco Re (Cooperativa La Maruna)

- ☐ Significant cultivar diversity
- Average prices to the producer in 2024 (€/kg):Sweet chestnuts: 1-2; Marrone type: 3-4
- ☐ Favourable rainfall during spring hot and dry summer
- ☐ Patchy resurgence of chestnut gall wasp
- ☐ Major biotic stresses: chestnut blight and ink disease
- ☐ Major weather anomalies: heatwaves and drought
- ☐ Yield +10% compared to 2024
- Harvest on schedule

MAJOR CHALLENGES*: brown rot, ink disease, chestnut moths and weevils, climate change









Piemonte

(high density orchards)

Source: S. Marchisio (Coldiretti Cuneo), Chestnut R&D Center Piemonte

☐ Cultivar: Bouche de Bétizac (>90%), Marsol, Precoce Migoule, Volos, Marrone
☐ Average price to the producer in 2024 (€/kg): 3-4
☐ Ink disease also related to flooding irrigation
☐ Problems with graft incompatibility and chestnut blight within the first years after plantation
☐ Widespread double flowering
☐ Major weather anomalies: heatwaves
☐ Harvest on schedule, Bouche de Bétizac around Sept. 10 th
□+20% compared to 2024

MAJOR CHALLENGES*: chestnut blight, climate change



European Chestnut Network

+20%

compared to the average production of the last three years

Sweet che Mainly f Major w Rainy s Major b Up to 2s Harvest +20% c

Trentino Alto Adige

Source: Johann Laimer (Associazione castanicoltori Alto Adige), Giacomo Gatti (Centro di Sperimentazione Laimburg)

- ☐ Traditional orchards (850 ha), 95% marrone type chestnuts
- □ Average prices to the producer in 2024 (€/kg):
 Sweet chestnuts: 3-4; Marrone type: > 5; Hybrids: > 5
- ☐ Mainly for fresh consumption, very limited processing
- ☐ Major weather anomalies: heatwaves
- ☐ Rainy spring with warm June and cool July
- ☐ Major biotic stresses: chestnut blight
- ☐ Up to 25% higher than 2024
- ☐ Harvest slightly early for *C. sativa* and hybrids
- ☐ +20% compared to 2024

MAJOR CHALLENGES*: chestnut blight, brown rot, climate change







Friuli Venezia Giulia

Source: Michele Fabro (ERSA- Agenzia Regionale per lo Sviluppo Rurale)

Stable

compared to the average production of the last three years



- □ Average prices to the producer in 2024 (€/kg): Sweet chestnuts: 4-5; Marrone type: >5; Hybrids: 4-5
- ☐ Chestnuts for **local markets** and fresh consumption
- ☐ Growing **interest for high-density** plantations
- ☐ Major weather anomalies: heavy rainfall and floods, hailstorms
- ☐ Chestnut gall wasp
- ☐ Yield +20% compared to 2024
- ☐ Harvest advanced for hybrids





MAJOR CHALLENGES*: bark betlees, chestnut moths, climate change



Rainy spring with irregular and intense precipitation, floods, and hailstorms

Hot and dry summer; sufficient rainfall in late August and early September is supporting nut ripening

Warmer summer compared to North-West

Anomalous rainfall distribution with heavy precipitation and floods; adequate rains in July and from second half of August

Ideal climatic conditions: abundant flowering unaffected by rainfall, relatively cool summer, and well-distributed spring—summer precipitation

Very high summer temperatures and drought with irregular rainfall; warm September combined with adequate precipitation is promoting nut ripening

*compared to the average production of the last three years

ITALIA 2025 forecast

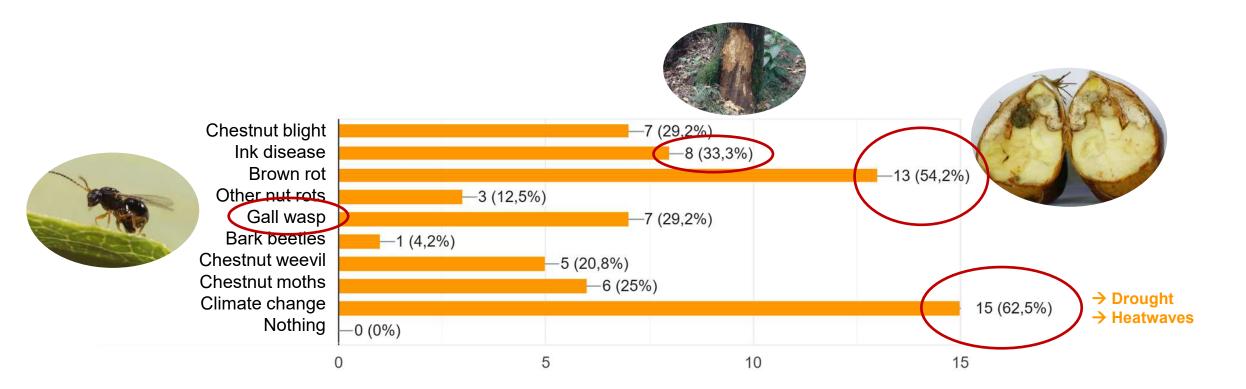
The 2025 overall production is estimated to be similar to or slightly lower than the last three years, with medium-sized nuts, totaling between 40,000 and 45,000 t.

Season marked by an **anomalous climate trend.** In the coming weeks, rainfall will play a key role in determining nut size.

The degree of approximation of the harvest forecasts for chestnuts and marrone type cultivars is, as always, very high.



33 farms, producers associations and consortia answered to the Eurocastanea Italy 2025 forecast survey, representing an important and wide sample of Italian chestnut chain. Considering the last 3 years, the main agronomic issues are:







Thank you for your attention!

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